

THOMAS TIGAR.

EDITOR & PUBLISHER.
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 Advertisements inserted for Ten cents per line for three weeks—Five cents for each three subsequent insertions, when consisting of 10 lines or over; but no advertisement inserted for less than \$1. Job Work done on the usual terms.

LIST OF BANKABLE FUNDS.

A list of banks, the notes of which are receivable at the Fort Wayne Branch of the State Bank of Indiana. There are counterfeit or altered notes on all bank notes marked thus *

OHIO.	
Bank of Wooster	Wooster
Commercial Bank	Cincinnati
Franklin Bank	do
Lafayette Bank	do
Ohio Life and Trust Co.	do
Bank of Massillon	Massillon
Bank of Circleville	H. Lawrence Cash's
Bank of N. walk	Norwalk
Bank of Coshocton	Painesville
Bank of Zanesville	Zanesville
Bank of Marietta	Marietta
Bank of Mount Pleasant	Mount Pleasant
Bank of St. Clairsville	St. Clairsville
Bank of Xenia	Xenia
Bank of Columbus	Columbus
Columbian Bank of N. Lisbon	New Lisbon
Bank of Steubenville	Steubenville
Muskingum Bank	Putnam
Dayton Bank	Dayton
Bank of Sandusky	Sandusky
Western Reserve Bank	Warren
Bank of Xenia	Xenia

KENTUCKY.

Bank of Louisville	Louisville
Do	payable to
Bank of Kentucky	Louisville
branch	Hopkinsville
branch	Bowling Green
branch	Greenburg
branch	Hanville
branch	Lexington
branch	Frankfort
branch	Mayfield
branch	Richmond
branch	Paris
branch	Covington
branch	Louisville

MISSOURI.

Bank of all the state of Missouri. St. Louis.
 All East in Banks in good standing according to the detectors are taken.

Cash for Wheat.

FAIRFAX & FREEMAN will pay cash at all times for any quantity of Wheat delivered at their Mill on the St. Mary's, about one mile south west of Fort Wayne.

CASH FOR WHEAT. At Hamilton and Williams' New Store, Corner of Clinton and Columbia Streets.

SALT. For sale low for cash. **HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.**

Produce Wanted.

THE subscribers will pay the highest market price for Wheat, Oats, Flour, Timothy and Clover seed. **HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.** Sep. 16, 1843.

PRODUCE.—The highest market price paid for Wheat, Corn, Oats, Flaxseed, Butter, Beeswax, Roots, &c. **CATLIN & MARSH.**

RECEIVED direct from Pittsburgh, and on hand at the Cash and Produce Store, a small lot of Iron; 50 kegs nails, nos. 3 to 20; 25 boxes window glass, all sizes; a fine assortment of glass ware, which we will sell at advance on Pittsburgh prices. **L. G. & R. P. JONES.**

Black Salts.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS will pay the highest price for any quantity of Black Salt. June 17, 1843.

COOKING STOVES.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS have just received on consignment from the *Prague Iron Foundry*, Erie, Pa. a new assortment of cooking stoves of superior quality, and upon the latest improvement, which they will sell very low for cash.

WANTED.—1500 lbs. BEES WAX for which an unusually high price will be paid. **SINCEAR & CHITTENDEN.** June 7, '43.

GROCERIES.—A fresh supply of family Groceries, just received by **HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.**

Potash Kettles.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS have just received on consignment from the *Eagle Furnace*, Buffalo, a few Potash kettles, made of refined iron, a superior article, which they are authorized to sell low for cash.

Crockery, Queensware, China and Glassware.

SINCEAR & CHITTENDEN have just received a splendid lot of Crockery Queensware, China, and Glass ware, which will be sold very cheap.

To Merchants & Grocery Keepers. JUST received on Commission, at the Cash and Produce Store, 6 boxes honey dew Tobacco; 20 bbls. Manchester Ale; 1 bbl. candle wicking; 1 do. Butter; which will be sold for cash by **L. G. & R. P. JONES.**

New Blacksmith Shop.

N. W. REYNOLDS has commenced business at the corner of Clinton and Main streets, opposite the Bank, and is now ready to do any kind of Blacksmith Work, from making a bob nail to ironing a carriage or four horse wagon. He intends to "strike while the iron is hot," and though he blows the bellows at his forge, he will not blow himself here; but invite all who want work well done here; and at a reasonable price, he must have prompt pay; but will take all kinds of produce, wood, &c. for work. Nov. 4th, 1843.

To Emigrants and others. I have for sale a large quantity of well selected LAND of the best quality, in the counties of Allen, Hunt, Logan, Whitley, Noble, and De Kalb. The terms will be in accordance with the times. Office in Barnett and Hanna's three story building, Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Oct. 27—1843. **GEORGE JOHNSON.**

GENTS fine sewed calf Boots for sale at **LENTS & McCulloch's** new store.

City Mill Flour. FRESH FLOUR, Middlings, Bran, and Corn Meal, constantly for sale at the City Mill, for cash only. **HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.** Oct. 19.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the U. States:

If any People had cause to render up thanks to the Supreme Being for parental care and protection extended to them in all trials and difficulties to which they have been from time to time exposed, we certainly are that People. From the first settlement of our forefathers on this continent—through the dangers attendant upon the occupation of a savage wilderness—through a long period of Colonial dependence—in the wisdom which led to the adoption of the existing Republican forms of Government—in the hazards incident to a war subsequently waged with one of the most powerful nations of the earth—in the increase of our population—in the spread of the arts and sciences, and in the strength and durability conferred on political institutions emanating from the People and sustained by their will—the superintendence of an overruling Providence has been plainly visible. As preparatory, therefore, to entering once more upon the high duties of legislation, it becomes humbly to acknowledge our dependence upon Him as our guide and protector, and to implore a continuance of His parental watchfulness over our beloved country. We have new cause for the expression of our gratitude in the preservation of the health of our fellow-citizens with some partial and local exceptions, during the past season—for the abundance with which the earth has yielded up its fruits to the labors of the husbandman,—for the renewed activity which has been imparted to commerce—for the revival of trade in all its departments—for the increased rewards attendant on the exercise of the mechanic arts—for the continued growth of our population and the rapidly reviving prosperity of the whole country. I shall be permitted to exchange congratulations with you gentlemen of the two Houses of Congress to these auspicious circumstances and to assure you, in advance, of my ready disposition to concur with you in the adoption of all such measures as shall be calculated to increase the happiness of our constituents and to advance the glory of our common country.

Since the last adjournment of Congress, the Executive has relaxed no effort to render indestructible the relations of amity which so happily exist between the United States and other countries. The treaty lately concluded with Great Britain has tended greatly to increase the good understanding which a reciprocity of interest is calculated to encourage, and it is most ardently to be hoped that nothing may transpire to interrupt the relations of amity which it is so obviously the policy of both nations to cultivate.

A question of much importance still remains to be adjusted between them. The territorial limits of the two countries in relation to what is commonly known as the Oregon territory, still remain in dispute. The United States would be at all times indisposed to aggrandize themselves at the expense of any other nation; but while they would be restrained by principles of honor, which should govern the conduct of nations as well as that of individuals, from setting up a demand for territory which does not belong to them, they would as unwillingly consent to a surrender of their rights. After the most rigid, and as far as practicable, unbiased examination of the subject, the United States have always contended that their rights appertain to the entire region of country lying on the Pacific, and embraced within the forty-second and fifty-fourth 40' of North latitude. This claim being controverted by Great Britain, those who have preceded the present Executive, actuated, no doubt, by an earnest desire to adjust the matter upon terms mutually satisfactory to both countries, have caused to be submitted to the British Government, propositions for settlement and final adjustment, which however, have not proved heretofore acceptable to it. Our Minister at London has, under instructions, again brought the subject to the consideration of that Government; and while nothing will be done to compromise the rights, or honor of the United States, every proper expedient will be resorted to in order to bring the negotiation now in the progress of resumption, to a speedy and happy determination. In the meantime it is proper to remark that many of our citizens are either already established in the territory, or are on their way thither for the purpose of forming permanent settlements, while others are preparing to follow—and in view of these facts, I must repeat the recommendation contained in previous messages, for the establishment of military posts, at such places, on the line of travel, as will furnish security and protection to our hardy adventurers against hostile tribes of Indians inhabiting those extensive regions. Our laws should follow them, so modified as the circumstances may require. Under the influence of our free system of government, new republics are destined to spring up, at no distant day, on the shores of the Pacific, similar in policy and in feeling to those existing on this side of the Rocky Mountains, and giving a wider and more extensive spread to the principles of civil and religious liberty.

I am happy to inform you that the cases which have arisen, from time to time, of the detention of American vessels by British cruisers on the coast of Africa, under pretence of being engaged in the slave trade have been placed in a fair train of adjustment. In the case of the *William & Francis*, full satisfaction will be allowed. In the case of the *Tygris* and *Seamew*, the British Government admits that satisfaction is due. In the case of the *Jones*, the sum accruing from the sale of that vessel and cargo will be paid to the owners—while I cannot but flatter myself that full indemnification will be allowed for all damages sustained by the detention of the vessel—and in the case of the *Douglas*, her Majesty's Government has expressed its determination to make indemnification. Strong hopes are therefore entertained, that most, if not all of these cases will be speedily adjusted. No new cases have arisen since the ratification of the *Treaty of Washington*; and it is confidently anticipated, that the

slave trade, under the operation of the eighth article of that treaty, will be altogether suppressed.

The occasional interruption experienced by our fellow-citizens engaged in the fisheries on the neighboring coasts of Nova Scotia, has not failed to claim the attention of the Executive. Representations upon this subject have been made, but as yet no definitive answer to those representations has been received from the British Government. Two other subjects of comparatively minor importance, but nevertheless of two much consequence to be neglected, remain still to be adjusted between the two countries. By the Treaty between the United States and Great Britain, of July, 1815, it is provided that no higher duties shall be levied in either country on articles imported from the other, than on the same articles imported from any other place. In 1838, rough rice, by the act of Parliament, was admitted from the coast of Africa into Great Britain on the payment of a duty of one penny a quarter, while the same article from all other countries, including the United States, was subjected to the payment of a duty of twenty shillings a quarter. Our Minister at London has from time to time brought this subject to the consideration of the British Government, but so far without success. He is instructed to renew his representations upon it.

Some years since a claim was preferred against the British Government on the part of certain American merchants, for the return of export duties paid by them on shipments of woollen goods to the United States, after the duty on similar articles exported to other countries had been repealed, and consequently in contravention of the commercial convention between the two nations securing to us equally in such cases. The principle on which the claim rests has long since been virtually admitted by Great Britain, but obstacles to a settlement have from time to time been interposed, so that a large portion of the amount claimed has not yet been refunded. Our Minister is now engaged in the prosecution of the claim, and I cannot but persuade myself that the British Government will no longer delay its adjustment.

I am happy to be able to say that nothing has occurred to disturb in any degree the relations of amity which exist between the United States and France, Austria and Russia, as well as with the other Powers of Europe, since the adjournment of Congress. Spain has been agitated with internal convulsions for many years, from the effects of which it is to be hoped she is destined speedily to recover—when, under a more liberal system of commercial policy on her part, our trade with her may again fill its old and so far as her continental possessions are concerned, its almost forsaken channels, thereby adding to the mutual prosperity of the two countries.

The Germanic Association of Customs and Commerce, which since its establishment in 1833, has been steadily growing in power and importance, and consists at this time of more than twenty German States and embraces a population of 27,000,000 of people united for all the purposes of commercial intercourse with each other, and with foreign states, offers to the latter the most valuable exchanges on principles more liberal than are offered in the fiscal system of any other European power.—From its origin, the importance of the German Union has never been lost sight of by the United States. The industry, morality and other valuable qualities of the German nation, have always been well known and appreciated. On this subject I invite the attention of Congress to the report of the Secretary of State, from which it will be seen that while our cotton is admitted free of duty, and the duty on rice has been much reduced, which has already led to a greatly increased consumption, a strong disposition has been recently evinced by that great body to reduce, upon certain conditions, their present duty upon tobacco.—This being the first intimation of a concession on this interesting subject ever made by any European power, I cannot but regard it as well calculated to remove the only impediment which has so far existed to the most liberal commercial intercourse between us and them. In this view, our Minister at Berlin, who has heretofore industriously pursued the subject, has been instructed to enter upon the negotiation of a commercial treaty, which while it will open new advantages to the agricultural interests of the United States, and a more free and expanded field for commercial operations, will affect injuriously no existing interest of the Union. Should the negotiation be crowned with success, its results will be communicated to both Houses of Congress.

I communicate herewith certain despatches received from our Minister at Mexico and also a correspondence which has recently occurred between the Envoy from that Republic and the Secretary of State. It must be regarded as not a little extraordinary that the Government of Mexico, in anticipation of a public discussion, which it has been pleased to infer from newspaper publications, as likely to take place in Congress, relating to the annexation of Texas to the United States, should have so far anticipated the result of such discussion as to have announced its determination to visit any such anticipated decision by a formal declaration of war against the United States. If designed to prevent Congress from introducing that question, as a fit subject for its calm deliberation and final judgment, the Executive has no reason to doubt that it will entirely fail of its object. The Representatives of a brave and patriotic people will suffer no apprehension of future consequences to embarrass them in the course of their proposed deliberations. Nor will the Executive Department of the Government fail, for any such cause, to discharge its whole duty to the country.

The war which has existed for so long a time between Mexico and Texas has, since the battle of San Jacinto, consisted for the most part of predatory incursions, which while they have been attended with much of suffering to individuals, and have kept the borders of the two countries in a state of constant alarm, have failed to approach

to any definite result. Mexico has fitted out no formidable armament by land or by sea for the subjugation of Texas. Eight years have now elapsed since Texas declared her independence of Mexico, and during that time she has been recognized as a sovereign power by several of the principal civilized states. Mexico, nevertheless, perseveres in her plans of reconquest, and refuses to recognize her independence.—The predatory incursions to which I have alluded, have been attended, in one instance, with the breaking up of the courts of justice by the seizing upon the persons of the judges, jury and officers of the court, and dragging them along with unarmed, and therefore non-combatant citizens, into a cruel and oppressive bondage, thus leaving crime to go unpunished and immorality to pass unreprieved. A border warfare is evermore to be deprecated, and over such a war as has existed for so many years between these two States, humanity has had great cause to lament. Nor is such a condition of things to be deplored only because of the individual suffering attendant upon it. The effects are far more extensive. The Creator of the Universe has given man the Earth for his resting place, and its fruits for his subsistence. Whatever, therefore, shall make the first or any part of its scene of desolation, affects injuriously his heritage, and may be regarded as a general calamity. Wars may sometimes be necessary; but all nations have a common interest in bringing them speedily to a close. The United States have an immediate interest in seeing an end put to the state of hostilities existing between Mexico and Texas. They are our neighbors, of the same continent, with whom we are not only desirous of cultivating the relations of amity, but of the most extended commercial intercourse, and to practise all the rights of a neighborhood hospitality. Our own interests are deeply involved in the matter, since, however neutral may be our course of policy, we cannot hope to escape the effects of a spirit of jealousy on the part of both of the powers.—Nor can this Government be indifferent to the fact that a warfare, such as is waged between those two nations, is calculated to weaken both powers, and finally to render them, and especially the weaker of the two, the subjects of interference on the part of stronger and more powerful nations, which, intent only on advancing their own peculiar views, may sooner or later attempt to bring about a compliance with terms, as the condition of their interposition, alike derogatory to the nation granting them and detrimental to the interests of the United States.

We could not be expected quietly to permit any such interference to our disadvantage. Considering that Texas is separated from the United States by a mere geographical line, that her territory, in the opinion of many, formed a portion of the territory of the United States, makes contributions to the commerce of the world in the same articles with them, and that most of her inhabitants have been citizens of the United States, speak the same language and live under similar political institutions with ourselves, this Government is bound by every consideration of interest as well as of sympathy, to see that she shall be left free to act, especially in regard to her domestic affairs, unawed by force, and unrestrained by the policy or views of other countries. In full view of all these considerations, the Executive has not hesitated to express to the Government of Mexico how deeply it deplored a continuance of the war, and how anxiously it desired to witness its termination. I cannot but think that it becomes the United States, as the oldest of the American Republics, to hold a language to Mexico upon this subject of an unambiguous character. It is time that this war had ceased. There must be a limit to all wars; and if the parent State, after an eight years struggle, has failed to reduce to submission a portion of its subjects standing out in revolt against it, and who have not only proclaimed themselves to be independent, but have been recognized as such by other Powers, she ought not expect that other nations will quietly look on, to their obvious injury, upon a protraction of hostilities.—These United States threw off their colonial dependence, and established independent Governments; and Great Britain, after having wasted her energies in the attempt to subdue them for a less period than Mexico has attempted to subjugate Texas, had the wisdom and justice to acknowledge their independence, thereby recognising the obligation, which rested on her as one of the family of nations. An example thus set by one of the proudest as well as most powerful nations of the earth it could in no way disparage Mexico to imitate. While, therefore, the Executive would deplore any collision with Mexico, or any disturbance of the friendly relations which exist between the two countries, it cannot permit that Government to control its policy, whatever it may be, towards Texas, but will treat her as by the recognition of her independence the United States have long since declared they would do, as entirely independent of Mexico. The high obligations of public duty may enforce from the constituted authorities of the United States a policy which the course persevered in by Mexico will have mainly contributed to produce; and the Executive, in such a contingency, will with confidence throw itself upon the patriotism of the People to sustain the Government in its course of action.

Measures of an unusual character have recently been adopted by the Mexican Government calculated in no small degree to affect the trade of other nations with Mexico, and to operate injuriously to the United States. All foreigners, by a decree of the 23rd day of September, and after six months from the day of its promulgation, are forbidden to carry on the business of selling by retail any goods within the confines of Mexico. Against this decree, our Minister has not failed to remonstrate.

The trade heretofore carried on by our citizens with Santa Fe, in which much capital was already invested, and which was becoming of daily increasing importance, has suddenly been arrested by a decree of virtual prohibition on the part of the Mexican Government. Whatever may be the right of Mexico to prohibit any particular course of trade, to the citizens or subjects of foreign powers, this late procedure, to

say the least of it, wears a harsh and unfriendly aspect.

The instalments on the claims recently settled by the Convention with Mexico, have been punctually paid as they have fallen due, and our Minister is engaged in urging the establishment of a new commission in pursuance of the Convention for the settlement of unadjusted claims.

With the other American States, our relations of amity and good will have remained uninterrupted. Our Minister near the Republic of New Grenada, has succeeded in effecting an adjustment of the claim upon that Government for the schooner "By Chance," which had been pending for many years. The claim for the brig "Mortie," which had its origin during the existence of the Republic of Colombia, and in demerit of which since the dissolution of that Republic, has devolved on its several members, will be urged with renewed zeal.

I have much pleasure in saying that the Government of Brazil has adjusted the claim upon that Government in the case of the schooner "John S. Bryan," and that sanguine hopes are entertained that the same spirit of justice will influence its councils in arriving at an early decision upon the remaining claims; thereby removing all cause of dissension between two Powers, whose interests are to some extent interwoven with each other.

Our Minister at Chili has succeeded in inducing a recognition by that Government, of the adjustment effected by his predecessor, of the first claims in the case of the "Macedonian." The first instalment has been received by the claimants in the United States.

Notice of the exchange of ratifications of the treaty with Peru, which will take place at Lima, has not yet reached this country, but is shortly expected to be received, when the claims upon that Republic will doubtless be liquidated and paid.

In consequence of a misunderstanding between this Government and that of Buenos Ayres, occurring several years ago, this Government has remained unrepresented at that court, while a minister from it has been constantly resident here. The causes of irritation have in a great measure passed away, and it is in contemplation, in view of important interests which have grown up in that country, at some early period during the present session of Congress, with the concurrence of the Senate, to restore diplomatic relations between the two countries.

Under the provisions of an act of Congress of the last session, a Minister was despatched from the United States to China, in August of the present year, who, from the latest accounts we have from him, was at Suez, in Egypt, on the 25th of September last, on his route to China.

In regard to the Indian tribes residing within our jurisdictional limits, the greatest vigilance of the Government has been exerted to preserve them at peace among themselves, and to inspire them with feelings of confidence in the justice of this Government, and to cultivate friendship with the border inhabitants. This has happily succeeded to a great extent; but it is a subject of regret that they suffer themselves in some instances to be imposed upon by artful and designing men—and this notwithstanding all the efforts of the Government to prevent it.

The receipts into the Treasury for the calendar year 1843, exclusive of loans, were little more than eighteen millions of dollars; and the expenditures, exclusive of payments on the public debt, will have been about twenty-two millions of dollars. By the act of 1842, a new arrangement of the fiscal year was made, so that it should commence on the 1st day of July in each year. The accounts and estimates for the current fiscal year, will show that the loans and Treasury notes made and issued before the close of the last Congress, to meet the anticipated deficiency, have not been entirely adequate. Although on the 1st of October last, there was a balance in the Treasury in consequence of the provision thus made of \$3,014,082.77, yet the appropriations already made by Congress will absorb that balance, and leave a probable deficiency of two millions of dollars at the close of the present fiscal year. There are outstanding Treasury notes to the amount of four millions six hundred thousand dollars; and should they be returned upon the Treasury during the fiscal year; they will require provision for their redemption. I do not however regard this as probable, since they have obviously entered in the currency of the country, and will continue to form a portion of it, if the system now adopted be continued. The loan of 1841, amounting to \$5,672,967 88, falls due on the 1st of January, 1845, and must be provided for or postponed by a new loan. And unless the resources of revenue should be materially increased by you, there will be a probable deficiency for the service of the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1845, of upwards of about four millions of dollars.

press places in its hands for the support of Government; and happily for the good of the country and for the preservation of its liberties, it possesses no power to levy exactions on the people, or to force from them contributions to the public revenue in any form. It can only recommend such measures as may, in its opinion, be called for by the wants of the public service, to Congress, with whom alone rests the power to "lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises." This duty upon several occasions heretofore performed. The present condition of things gives a flattering promise that trade and commerce are rapidly reviving, and, fortunately for the country, the sources of revenue have only to be opened, in order to prove abundant.

While we can anticipate no considerable increase in the proceeds of the sales of public lands for reasons perfectly obvious to all, for several years to come, yet the public lands cannot otherwise than be regarded as the foundation of the public credit. With so large a body of the most fertile lands in the world under our control; and the undisputed ability of the Government to meet its engagements in every emergency. In seasons of trial and difficulty similar to those through which we are passing, the capitalist makes his investment in confidence of ultimate reimbursement, and whatever may be said in a period of great prosperity, such as existed for some years after 1833, I should regard it as suicidal in a season of financial embarrassment, either to alienate the lands themselves, or the proceeds arising from their sales. The first and paramount duty of those to whom may be intrusted the administration of public affairs, is to maintain the public credit. In re-establishing the credit of this Government, the readiest and most obvious mode is taken to restore the credit of the States. The extremes can only be made sound by producing a healthy action in the Central Government, and the present day fully establishes the fact, that an increase in the value of the stocks of this Government will, in a majority of instances, be attended by an increase in the value of the stocks of the States. It should therefore be a matter of general congratulation that amidst all the embarrassments arising from surrounding circumstances, the credit of the Government should have been so fully restored that it has been enabled to effect a loan of seven millions of dollars to redeem that amount of Treasury notes, on terms more favorable than any that have been offered for many years. And the six per cent. stock which was created in 1812, has advanced in the hands of the holders to nearly twenty per cent. above its par value. The confidence in the integrity of their Government has thus been singularly manifested—These opinions relative to the public lands do not in any manner conflict with the observance of the most liberal policy towards those of our fellow-citizens who press forward into the future, and are the pioneers in the work of its declamation, and are seeking to all such their rights of pre-emption, the Government performs but an act of retributive justice for sufferings endured and hardships endured, and finds ample remuneration in the comforts which its policy ensures and the happiness which it imparts.

Should a revision of the tariff, with a view to revenue, become necessary in the session of Congress, I doubt not you will approach the subject with a just and enlightened regard to the interests of the whole Union. The principles and views which I have heretofore had occasion to submit, remain unchanged. It can, however, never be too often repeated, that the prominent interest of every important measure, which requires for success, permanency and stability in legislation. These can only be attained by adopting as the basis of action, moderation in all things, which is as indispensably necessary to secure the harmonious action of the political as of the animal system, or our political organization, no one section of the country should desire to have its supposed interests advanced at the sacrifice of all others; but Union being the great interest, equally precious to all, should be fostered and sustained by mutual concessions and the cultivation of that spirit of compromise from which this nation itself proceeded.

You will be informed, by reports from the Treasury Department, of the measures taken under the act of the last session, authorizing the re-issue of Treasury notes in lieu of those then outstanding. The system adopted in pursuance of existing laws, seems well calculated to save the country a large amount of interest, while it affords a convenient and safe mode of paying the interest on the public debt, and of increasing the revenue, and particularly to that portion of it which relates to the subject of the war—our system, which I earnestly urged upon Congress at its last session, to be adopted in preference of which my opinion has undergone no change.

In view of the disordered condition of the currency at the time, and the high rates of exchange between different parts of the country, I felt it to be incumbent on me, to present to the consideration of your honorable body, a proposition, which I have the honor to submit, in the form of a bill, to the Congress, and having the sanction not in detail, but in principle, of some of the eminent men who had preceded me in the Executive office. That proposition contemplated the issuing of Treasury notes of denominations less than five nor more than one hundred dollars, and the same were to be paid in gold and silver, at the option of the public creditor, and to an amount not exceeding \$15,000,000. It was proposed to make them receivable everywhere, and to establish at various points depositories for gold and silver, to be held in trust for the redemption of such notes, so as to ensure their convertibility into specie. No doubt was entertained that such notes would have maintained a par value with gold and silver, thus furnishing a paper currency of equal value over the Union, thereby meeting the just expectations of the people and fulfilling the duties of a parental Government. The bill would have been subject to the same restrictions, together with all its other details, was submitted to the wisdom of Congress, and was regarded as of secondary importance. I thought then, and think now, that such an arrangement would have been attended with the happiest results.—The whole matter of the currency would have been placed where by the Constitution it was designed to be placed—under the immediate supervision and control of Congress. The action of the Government would have been independent of all corporations, and the same eye which guards against adulteration, would also have rested on the paper currency, to control and regulate its issues and protect it against depreciation. The same reasons which would forbid Congress from parting with the power over the coinage, would forbid any arrangement to be made in force in regard to any substitution for the precious metals in the form of a circulating medium. Paper, when substituted for specie, constitutes a standard of value by which the operations of society are regulated, and whatsoever causes its depreciation, operates as a drain upon the coin, and is equal to the adulteration of the coin. Nor can I withhold the remark, that its advantages, contrasted with a Bank of the United States, apart from the fact that a bank was esteemed as obnoxious to the public sentiment, as well on the score of expediency as of constitutional propriety, appeared to be strikingly apparent. The relief which a bank would afford by an issue of \$15,000,000 of its notes, judging from the experience of the late United States Bank, would not have occurred in less than fifteen years; whereas, under the proposed arrangement, the relief arising from the issue of \$15,000,000 of Treasury notes would have been consummated in one year; thus furnishing in one-fifth part of the time in which a bank could have accomplished it, a paper medium of exchange, equal in amount to the real wants of the country, at par value with gold and silver. The saving to the Government would have been equal to all the notes of previous issue, had they been paid on Treasury notes of previous issue, as subsequent issue, thereby relieving the Gov-

too soon after the end of a political contest, and believing that my known relation and partially to the citizens rendered the report as posthumous as it is untrue; I was disposed to leave it to the good sense and candor of those who read it, and to leave with them the question of retaliation which appeared in the editorial columns of your paper immediately after the appearance of the charge in the Times.

This much in explanation to my friends; now to the charge. In regard to the said simplicity of the charge, I am disposed without design of wounding the feelings of, or desiring to think the veracity of any one, but in strict justice to myself—THAT I DID NOT AT ANY TIME, OR ON ANY OCCASION MAKE ANY STATEMENT OR SAY ANYTHING which perhaps may have been satisfactory to some, will add, I have no new sensation, that in the

The Democratic State Central Committee hereby invites the several counties in the State to elect delegates forthwith to represent them in STATE CONVENTION, to be holden on the EIGHTEH OF JANUARY 1854. In accordance with a resolution adopted by a large and respectable democratic meeting of members of the Legislature and

others, fully held at the Capital on the 6th inst. they feel it a duty incumbent on them to call the Convention.

The Democratic papers in the State and respectively requested to call the attention of the Democracy to the subject, and urge a full attendance of delegates.

By order, G. A. CHAPMAN, Secretary

FORT WAYNE MARKET.

SINGULAR & CHITTENDEN'S

Weekly Circular.

WHEAT still continues limped up. Producers the market seems inclined to sell at a little higher in all kinds of produce, however, the market is generally inactive. This fine warm days under the rain has dashed them in a little. Markets on our canal is now fairly in a store for the season, and the vessels are taking in storage under the loading of navigation.

PRODUCE. WOOL.

Wool plentiful. 68¢ a lb. None offered.

Corn	33 n	FRUIT.	
Oat sheelled 35 n		Green Apples 75 c	
Oat 35 n		Dry do 67 1/2 n	
Rye 35c 3/4		Frenches 1 25 c	
Bacon Hams		Cherries 1 25 c	
Shoulders			
Pork 35 n		FISH.	
Butter tub. 50 50 n		White	
Potatoes 31 c 3/4		Dry Cod 6 c	
Onions 25 n		Shad 10 1/2 n	
Winter Beans 50 7 1/2			
Butter pu lb. 62 1/2			
Chowder 1 25 c			
Peas per doz. 28 n		CHICKENS.	
Wetters 62 n		Landed 1 00 1/2 n	
Threaty Stead 75 1/2		Sperm 1 75	
Flour 35 n		FISH OIL Tanned 1 00	
Flax "Timb" per doz 50			
"Clover 35 n		IRON.	
		Iron and nails 60 c	
		Steel 10 1/2 n	
GLACIERS—Retail.		FURS & PELTRIES.	
Tex. Y H 50 1/2 n		P. Arctic red, 29 1/2 c	
"Gum P. 1 30		Bl. short hair, 18 1/2 c	
"Gum P. 1 30		" long hair, 18 1/2 c	
Singer, N. O. 8 1/2		" winter do 18 1/2 c	

crushed 18 1/4	Kneese prime 3
crushed 18 1/4	Kneese 18 1/4
Mooney, 8 1/2	Wild Cat 3
Mooney, strained, 10	Oil 3
Do. in comb 6 7 per	Oil 3
Mooney 18 1/4	Mooney 6 1/4
Cinger 12 1/4	
Pepper 12 1/4	
Mooney 18 1/4	
Tobacco 10 1/2	
Glass 18 1/2	
Salt per bbl. \$2.75	

STAPLE & DRY GOODS.	
Brown Shirting 14 1/4	
Shirting 6 1/4	
Black 10 1/4	
Shirting 10 1/4	
Prints 10 1/4	

AT'S and COIN for sale by	
SINGLER & CO. INTERED.	

THE dog is still out, even on the other side of the creek and the cry is still there come. The goods roll on the shelves, still understanding the

quitting that line goes out of our front door.

CAUTION.—Some have attempted to imitate the outer appearance of our store by sticking on a flag-sounding like ours; but remember, Sir, when you see the name of the Great Imperial Dry Dock flag hanging from the second story.

TRENDENOUS
Excitement at Indianapolis.

ONE of our large land-bills, with a list of 100 prizes we give for produce and the four lowest all our goods attached, was yesterday fairly distributed to the farmers of this county, and is now in the Lower House. It will become a law, if our state will and must ever be the place for Cheap Goods, notwithstanding the efforts made to put us down.

SILVERMAN & CHIEF KIDDER.


French Perfumery, &c.

A new and complete assortment of every description of French Perfumery, Toilet and Eastern London and American Bazaar's Oil Toilet and Shaving Soap, &c. &c. for sale at the FortWayne Store.

Wholesale and country dealers supplied on application.

comable terms. In BEHED.
Dec. 21.
Re Kaibab Circuit Court, October Term, 1853.
James Grant, assignee of
Adam Thompson, vs. In Chancery.
COMES now the complaint by Hubert W.
Smith, his solicitor, and it appearing to the
satisfaction of the court by affidavit filed that said
Hubert W. Smith is a resident of the Territory of
Arizona, it is therefore ordered by the court that the said
defendant be notified of the pendency of this bill
for six successive weeks, to wit: about sixty days
prior to the return of the writ of habeas corpus
in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, a public newspaper
printed and published at Fort Wayne, in the
State of Allen, Indiana, adjoining the eastern
boundary of the Territory of Arizona, and of the
largest circulation in the said county of De Kalb,
this being a newspaper printed and published
in said county of De Kalb, and that unless he
do appear at said next term of court, he shall
stand abscond, answer, or demand to the said bill,
it being well known as aforesaid, and deprecate
the said Hubert W. Smith, to appear.
H. W. Smith, att. for comp't.

Auburn, Dec. 12, 1913. [52¢ 50] 25

 **STRAYED** from the subscriber about the 1st of November last a milking cow and bull, both of the Jersey breed, and white color, short small horns, quite cross-eyed, running in at the public sale, and if any one has any information where they may be found shall be rewarded by the subscriber.

Dec. 12. **Winston Hensert.**

CASH FOR WHEAT at Hannan, Hamilton, & Co.'s new store, corner 3rd Columbia and 10th streets.

PLAUGHS—Wood's right and left-handed Ploughs for sale by **HANNAN, HAMILTON & CO.**

To Shoemakers.
THREE or four journeymen wanted immediately. Good workmen will find permanent employment.
Part Wayne, Dec. 15, 1844.
A. LINTZ.

NEW GOODS!
C. A. GREY has just received from New York a new and complete assortment of
Dry Goods, Groceries, & Queensware, of every description, suitable for the present season, which he offers cheap for cash at his old stand opposite the post office.
All kinds of Produce taken for goods at the highest market price.
Dec. 15 3m24

State of Indiana, De Kalb County, ss.
De Kalb Probate Court, Nov. Term, A. D. 1843.
Ira Allen, administrator, and Elizabeth A. Shaw adm'x of the estate of Asa Shaw, deceased,

David Blair and Noah Mallin, partners in the real estate of said decedent.

COMES now Ira Allen, administrator of said estate, and suggests the insufficiency of the personal estate of said decedent to pay the debts and demands outstanding against the same, and files an inventory and appraisal of the real estate of said decedent, and prays an order of the court for the sale thereof. Whereupon the court do order that the non-resident heirs, devisees, or partners, interested in the real estate as aforesaid inventoried and appraised, be notified by three successive publications in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, a newspaper printed and published in Fort Wayne, Allen County, Indiana, and of general circulation in the said county of De Kalb (there being no newspaper printed and published in the said county of De Kalb) and the Fort Wayne Sentinel being a newspaper printed and published nearest thereto, at least thirty days before the first day of the next term of said court, to be held in the town of Auburn in said county, on the second Monday of February next, and show cause, if any they can, why said real estate shall not be sold, and made assets for the discharge of the debts, demands, or payments aforesaid.
S. W. SPROT, Clerk.
Auburn, Dec. 12, 1843. 3w24p

Black Salts,
ANY quantity of Black Salts bought at the Green Store by
J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1843.

STORAGE AND ADVANCE made on Potash and Pearlsh by
J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

NOTICE.—Whereas, my wife Lemita P. has left my real and personal property, without any just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby forbidden from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.
Dec. 8, 1843.—p J. M. SNIVELEY.

FISH FISH!—Mackerel, Cod fish, Herrings and White fish, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Prime for Cold Weather.
S. GIOVIA Lamb's Wool Under Shirts and S. GIOVIA, the greatest thing to enable a man to withstand the winter's chilly blasts ever brought to the place.
SINCLEAR & CHITTENDEN.

GROCERIES.—Superior Teas, Coffee, Sugar, tobacco, —qualities can't be beat. Also Leaf Sugar, cloves, nutmegs, cassia, pepper, spices, &c., at the new store of Catlin & Marsh, the United States Saloon.

DAVID WALLACE, & ROLFE JOHNSON
Wallace & Johnson,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.
Will attend to all business entrusted to their care in the State of Indiana.

Also, to all business heretofore entrusted to the care of Thomas Johnson and T. G. JOHNSON.
Office in Barnett & Hanna's three story brick, on Columbia street.
Oct. 3—14

Fire Insurance.
THE undersigned having received the appointment of agent for the *Harford Protection Insurance Company*, respectfully informs the citizens of Fort Wayne and the community in general, that he is ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, and will be happy to afford protection to all those whose prudence shall prompt them to provide against those unforeseen calamities which so frequently happen from this absorbing element.
GEORGE JOHNSON.
Fort Wayne Oct. 28. v17p

Tanning, Leather Store, &c.
THE subscribers have formed a connection at the old Tannery street of Charles Paige and intend establishing a general LEATHER business in all its branches. Their object will be to supply their customers with articles at such prices, and of such a quality as to insure satisfaction.
In their present stock may be found
Sole Leather, Spanish and slaughter of a superior quality.
Upper Leather, slaughter of the best quality
Cliff-kine, some extra large, fine and heavy
Kip skins, superior and second quality
Morocco of various kinds
Lining Skins, a varied assortment, some alum dressed
Findings for shoe manufacturers, a general assortment
Tanners' and Carriers' Tools of all kinds
Oil and lampblack.
Also, They have added for the fall and winter trade a splendid assortment of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
ordered from the best manufacturers expressly to retail, and most of which will be warranted to wear as well and as good as any that can be procured.
Men's heavy wax boots, double and single soles.
Heavy fishermen's or hunters' long boots, extra good.
Boys' and youths' heavy wax boots
Men's, boys', youths', and children's brogue leather heavy and light, some are superior to any in northern Indiana.
Women's and girls' winter shoes and brogans, fine for the country.
—WANTED—
HIDES and BARK, for Cash, or in exchange for goods.
Produce taken at the market price.
Oct. 21—16 ROBINSON & PAIGE.

Groceries, Groceries.
A. B. MILLER offers for sale Leaf, Crushed Sugar, St. Croix, Havanna, and New Orleans Sugar; Java, Rio, Langura, Maricao, and St. Domingo Coffee; Gunpowder, Y. and H. Coffee, and Pouchong, Teas; Raisins, Currants, Citron, Rind, Molasses, Tobacco, Segars, Ground Coffee, Ground Coffee, Ground Coffee, Nutmegs, Cloves, Sweet Oil, Indigo, Powder, Lead, Shot, Saltpetre, Starch, Black and Scotch Snuff, together with a great variety of other articles which time and space forbids us to enumerate.

Liquors and Wices.
COGNAC and Domestic Brandy, Holland and Domestic Gin; Malaga, Port and Madeira Wines; for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

Almanacs for 1844.
"Free Grats for Nothing!"
JUST received, a large supply of Almanacs for 1844, which I will furnish gratuitously to my customers and all others who may please to call at the Drug Store and take one.
LEWIS BEECHER.

500 Cwt of the best Western Reserve CHEESE, for sale by
LITTLE & McCULLOCH.

TEA of the best quality may be found at Little & McCulloch's new store.

SILK BONNETS, of the latest fashions, kept on hand, and made to order. Ladies are invited to call and examine them at
MRS. PAUL'S.

To the People.
WE have just received and opened a large and extensive
Stock of Winter Goods
such as will suit the wants of mankind—clothing the body, and supporting poor mortality.
We do not intend imposing upon the poor editor, as many of our friends have done, in asking of him half of his paper for puffing and blowing, nor do we intend to thrust a red flag and cry that is the Deput of Commerce, as if nobody else existed; nor do we say that we have purchased our goods cheaper than our brother merchants, and therefore we can sell them cheaper than they can be bought west of the Alleghany Mountains; but we do say that we can
Sell Goods as CHEAP
as any of our neighbors. All that we ask of you is, to call and see us at our store, and if we cannot sell you goods as cheap as our friends, we will not ask you to buy. In addition to our stock we have just received
200 Barrels of SALT,
which we will sell at market price.
And in addition to what we have said, we say to the farmers that we are
Buying all kinds of Produce
for which we will give the highest market price.
Dec. 8, 1843. L. G. & R. P. JONES.

MRS. WARNER,
Fashionable Dress Maker,
RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and its vicinity, that having established herself in the above business she is now prepared to execute with fidelity and dispatch all orders entrusted to her care, and flatters herself by prompt attention she shall merit their patronage.
Residence, in the north end of Mr. J. B. Hanna's dwelling, corner of Barn and Berry streets.
Dec. 8.

MRS. BAYMAN, FISH & Co.
Fashionable Milliners & Dressmakers,
FROM THE CITY OF ROCHESTER,
WOULD respectfully inform the Ladies of Fort Wayne and its vicinity, that they have opened a Store on Columbia street, directly opposite Sinclear and Chittenden's "Farmer's Depot," where they are prepared to execute all orders in their line. They have now on hand, of the latest fashions, some very rich Velvet BONNETS, also HOODS, CAPS, and other Fancy Articles.
As they intend to make this their permanent residence, and keep constantly on hand a very general stock of the
Most Fashionable Millinery Articles,
they would humbly solicit a share of public patronage, and respectfully invite the ladies to call and examine their assortment.

LOST or stolen from Jacob Sines, Whitley County, Indiana, a large calf skin POCKET BOOK containing one note signed William Blair, one against Eli Hampton for about \$13, and one against Wm. P. Gray, and one on Samuel Gray for \$7.25, and other notes and papers of value, and also \$3 on the Manhattan Banking Company. Any person returning the same to me at my house, or to this office, will be liberally rewarded.
Dec. 2. JACOB SINES.

JUST received at the Cash and Produce Store a few dozen
Brass and Wooden Clocks,
which will walk 24 hours per day, and carry their weights, and for sale at advanced prices by
L. G. & R. P. JONES.

REMOVAL
Of the New York City Store.
A. B. MILLER would inform the public that he has removed into his new and commodious Brick Store on Columbia street, one door East of E. Stapleford's Auction Room, and has just received and opened a large and well selected
Stock of New Goods,
to enumerate which would be almost impossible but suffice it to say, comprising almost every article that may be called for.
Dec. 2.

BRANCH BANK, FORT WAYNE,
November 30, 1843.
NOTICE is hereby given, that an Election will be held at the Banking House of the Branch at Fort Wayne of the State Bank of Indiana, on Friday the second Monday of January, 1844, between the hours of ten & six of said day, for the election of one Director on the part of the stockholders of said Branch, to fill a vacancy in its present Board of Directors.
H. McCULLOCH, Cashier.
December 2, 1843.

Valuable Mill for Sale.
THE Administrators of the estate of Daniel Johnson, deceased, will offer for sale at the Court House in the town of Huntington, in Huntington County, Indiana, on the 30th day of December, 1843, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, the following described property to wit: All that part of the N. W. quarter of Section 14, township 28, Range 9, E. lying and being on Little River, adjoining the said town of Huntington, between the Lafayette and Fort Wayne State Road and Little River, on the North side of said River; supported to contain about eight acres, and having thereon an excellent FLOURING MILL, with two run of stones, and snail mill, and other necessary fixtures.
Also, all that part of section 14, Township 28, Range 9 east lying and being on the South side of said Little River, and between it and the state road leading from Huntington to Fort Wayne, supported to contain about ten acres, and attached to a Mill property. Also IN LOTS No. 6, 8, 9, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and 27, in Johnson's Addition to the town of HUNTINGTON.
All of said property to be sold on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months, with approved security.
ELIAS MURRAY,
PATRICK McCARTHY,
Administrators.
Nov. 30, 1843. 4w.

To the Ladies.
A Very pretty assortment of Shawls; also, Comforters for the neck—known by the some what euphonious name of "cat tails."
SINCLEAR & CHITTENDEN.

QUEENSWARE and Crockery—a well assorted lot, comprising almost every article in the trade, for sale by
SINCLEAR & CHITTENDEN.

BRANDY, Wine, Gin, and Rum—pure articles of Liquor destined for the sick in Medical purposes, for sale by
CATLIN & MARSH.

OLIVE Oil, Castor Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Just received
CATLIN & MARSH.

CIDER VINEGAR, a superior article for sale
CATLIN & MARSH.

DRY Apple, Woolen Yarn and Socks at Catlin & Marsh's.

CROCKERY, a full assortment just received at Catlin and Marsh's new Store.

500 pairs Children's Shoes, At 25, 30, and 40, a pair, for sale by Sinclear & Chittenden.
Also, 20 cases coarse and fine BOOTS.

To Country Merchants.
A Lot of Lawrence C. & T. and Stark Mills SHEETINGS by the bale.
40 or 50 cents TEA.
Cotton YARN and Cotton BATTING, in any quantity. For sale low, by
SINCLEAR & CHITTENDEN.

A new idea.—Dispersion of the Jews SINCLEAR & CHITTENDEN are editing a Book, containing, among other things, a full and complete history of the Jews, from the time of Moses down to the present time, and giving the particulars of their dispersion, and the manner in which they were scattered over the world. It is a very interesting and valuable work, and will be sold at a low price. Can't help it—we are bound to do it.

COLORED
Daguerrotype Likenesses
Taken in a few minutes by the newly invented Daguerrotype Apparatus.
J. L. HUBBELL.
The public are invited to call and examine specimens at his room in Hanna & Barnett's brick, in the rear of Wallace & Johnson's Office.

Box Stoves! Box Stoves!
JUST received, a few Box Stoves, large and small sizes, of good pattern and quality.—Call soon, if you want one. Also, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, &c. for sale low at
WOOD'S Hardware Store.

SHEET IRON—20 bundles, of good quality, just received and for sale at
WOOD'S Hardware Store.

DRUGS, &c.
MADDER, Alum, Indigo, Logwood, Epsom salt, rosin, soap, copra, aloes, cream tartar, gum myrrh, camphor, opium, paregoric, laudanum, Oil Spike, British Oil, opodeldoc, roll brimstone, sulphur, snuff, ink, pepper sauce, &c. at Catlin & Marsh's, New Store—all at the lowest rate.

FISH—Flie Mackerel and Connecticut Shad. Sound and Tasty, the choicest article for family use ever offered in this city.
Oct 27 SINCLEAR & CHITTENDEN.

Groceries.
TEA.—Old and Young Hyson. Black do. 20,000 lbs New Orleans Sugar, Crushed do. first quality.
Saleratus, Pepper, Spice, &c. &c.
HARRIS, HAMILTON & Co.

"Shine out, fair sun, salute my glass,
That I may see my shadow on the wall."
A Large lot of Looking Glasses of various sizes for sale at unusually low prices
SINCLEAR & CHITTENDEN.

Shelled Corn.
HAMILTON & WILLIAMS will pay the high market price for shelled Corn delivered at their Mill.
Nov. 25th.

NUTS of all kinds at Little & McCulloch's new store.

PORK WANTED
THE subscribers will purchase for CASH, at highest market price, any quantity of good merchantable hogs delivered at the new Brick Packing House in Fort Wayne.
N. B. Particular attention will be paid to the packing or handling Pork for country merchants or others on commission.
NEWTON & GREENE.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 18th.

State of Indiana, Allen County, ss.
In the Allen Circuit Court, February Term 1844.
Saint Augustine Church
Samuel F. Barr, and the
Unknown heirs of John T. Barr, deceased.

BE it remembered, this 23d day of November 1843, the above named complainants, by their solicitor, filed in my office their bill of complaint; praying the special performance of a certain agreement between said parties, and also the affidavit of interested persons that the said defendants are not residents of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given, that unless they appear before the Judge of said court, on or before the calling of said cause at the next term thereof, plead answer, or demurr to said bill, the same and the matters and things therein contained will be taken as confessed.
P. G. JONES, Clerk.
L. P. FERRY, Solicitor for Com.

SALE OF DELINQUENT LANDS.
In De Kalb County, Indiana.
All cases where Delinquent Lands and Town Lots were advertised for sale for non payment of taxes in 1842, which were Delinquent in 1841, will be offered for sale on the first Monday in January 1844. Sale to continue from day to day until all is offered or sold.

WESLEY PARK, Co. Treasurer.
De Kalb Co. Ia.
Nov. 23, 1843 \$1 10.

State of Indiana, Steuben County, ss.
In the Steuben Circuit Court, October, A D 1843.
David Cleveland
Joseph Alexander, Foreign Attachment.

THE said Joseph Alexander will take notice that upon the said David Cleveland and complying with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, a writ of foreign attachment was issued by the Clerk of the Steuben Circuit Court, in the month of October, 1843, directed to the sheriff of said county, who duly returned the writ executed &c., having attached the inventory of the said defendant's real estate—the property of the said defendant to wit:
The East half of the south west quarter of section thirty four, township thirty six, north of range twelve East, and that unless the said defendant appear and release said lands according to the statute in such case made and provided, this cause will be adjudicated upon and the said lands be sold to satisfy the claim of said plain tiff.
Witness
W. H. CARY, Clerk.
JAMES MCCONNELL, Attorney.
Angola Nov. 23. 3w.

Take Notice.
STRYED away from the subscriber, about the middle of October, 1843, ANNY GORDON alias ANNY DANIELS, the reputed wife of the subscriber. These are to notify and forewarn all persons from trusting or harboring her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting or in any way without any cause or provocation whatever, and in a very deceitful, hypocritical, treacherous manner.
JAMES GORDON.
Seneca Co. O. Nov. 8. p3w.

Administrator's Sale.
NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order of the Allen Probate Court, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on Thursday the 21st of December next at the Court House, in the city of Fort Wayne, the following described tracts of land belonging to the estate of George Stoker, deceased, to wit: The W. half of the S. E. q. of Section 7, in Township 30, N. R. 14 East. Also, one acre lying south of said tract of land between it and the state road. Notes payable in six and twelve months with approved security will be required.
JESSE ADAMS Adm'r.
Nov. 25.

CHEESE—100 Boxes prime Ohio cheese, selected dairies, for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

FLANNELS—Red, white yellow and green Flannels for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

LPACCA—Black, changeable, and striped alpaca for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

LADIES 1113—Lynx and Jonette Fur muft at
A. B. MILLER.

BUFFALO ROBES—2 dozen Buffalo Robes for sale low by
A. B. MILLER.

CIRASSIAN, Bombazine, and Wendland De laine of various qualities and prices, for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

SPERM and MOULDED candles and winter strained Sperm Oil, prime articles for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

700 DOLLARS of Allen County orders for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

POTASH KETTLES and GRIND STONES of superior quality for sale low at discount application is made to
A. B. MILLER.

100 Tons Black butts and 16,000 Bushels of Ashes wanted for which the highest price will be paid by
A. B. MILLER.

LINSEED OIL—For sale by the barrel at Catlin & Beecher's Drug Store.
Fort Wayne, Ia.

FORE WANTED.
THE subscribers wish to purchase good Appraisers, capable of appraising their changes in real estate, for which the highest price will be paid in cash. They are prepared to purchase any amount offered.
HANNA HAMILTON & Co.
Nov. 18.

STOVES.
COOKING, Parlor, and Box Stoves, Furniture and Pipe. A fine assortment for sale cheap at THE Hardware Store, nearly opposite Dr. L. Beecher's by
H. DURRIS.

Law Office,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.
WORTHINGTON & ROUGH have opened an office for the practice of Law at Fort Wayne, Indiana.
They will give particular attention to the collection and securing of debts; also to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, &c. in Northern Indiana. All business entrusted to them will be promptly and faithfully executed.
Office in Mason & Smith's new block, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets Entrance on Calhoun street.

Medicines.
A General assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c. for sale by
J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
Nov. 18.

School Books, &c.
A General assortment of School Books, Blank Books Stationery &c. for sale by
J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
Nov. 17.

More New Goods.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 17, 1843.
LITTLE & McCULLOCH have just received a further supply of New Goods, which they will sell unusually low for ready pay.

The latest 'Fish Story.'
NO. 1 MACKEREL and SHAD: another lot of that excellent smoked HALIBUT, 2,000 lbs. light salted CODFISH, for sale at the store of
LITTLE & McCULLOCH.

Raisins, Currants, and Citron.
RAISINS for sale in a pound, a very nice article; also a quantity of nice Citron, Currants, &c.
LITTLE & McCULLOCH.

County Orders.
\$600 ALLEN County orders, \$600 Noble County orders for sale by
J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
Nov. 19.

For Sale at Beecher's Drug Store,
Bristol's Fluid Extract of Sassaaparilla
Comstock's do do do
Dr. Osmond's India Ch. Lague
Dr. Sappington's Pills
Dr. B. Ward's Spine Aque Medicine
Pain-Expeller's Vermifuge
Bonds
Thompson's Eye Water
Allen's Balsam of Honey
Tullington's Balsam
Batesman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial
Harlem Oil, British Oil
And a general assortment of all kinds of Patent Medicines.

PAINTS—Paints of all kinds, Copal and Japan Varnish, and all Spirits of Turpentine for sale at Beecher's Drug store.
Nov. 4.

JOHN W. DAWSON,
Attorney at Law,
FORT WAYNE, Ia.
Office in the Mayor's Office, on Columbia street, Nov. 7, 1843.

WANTD.—Beeswax, Ginseng, and Seneca Snake Root in exchange for Family Groceries, Drugs, Medicines, Paints, or Dye Stuffs, at
BEECHER'S Drug Store.

WHITE DOG and SCIBIP for sale by HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

COUNTY ORDERS for sale by HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Fashionable Tailoring.
L. W. VOSBURGH informs the public that he has commenced the Tailoring business in the room over Mr. Durrie's Hardware Store, on Columbia street, and hopes by good, fashionable work and close attention to business to merit a share of patronage.
* * CUTTING done to order.
Produce taken for work at its market value.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 4.

White Lead
At Wholesale and Retail.
3 Tons White Lead, ground in oil, composed of Pure, Extra, and No. 1, of a superior quality—warranted to be a better article than ever before offered in this market—just received and for sale at BEECHER'S Drug Store, two doors east of the Printing Office.

* I have arrangements with the Buffalo White Lead Manufacturing Company that will enable me to furnish at all times Merchants and Dealers in Paints with any quantity of White Lead, from one barrel to one at a small advance on Factory Prices. I am authorized by the Manufacturing Company to warrant the Lead equal to the best manufactured in the United States, and make that warrant good.
LEWIS BEECHER.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 4, '43.

Beecher's Drug Store,
FORT WAYNE, Ia.
I have just received, and now offer for sale, the largest and best assortment of
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs,
ever brought to this section of the country, at prices as low as can be purchased in Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, or any city in the West. I have a general assortment of all such articles as are usually found at a Drug Store. A pure article of BRANDY, and Port and Madeira WINES, specially for Medical uses.
I have also a good assortment of

Family Groceries,
such as Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Pepper, Sugar Spice, Ginger, Rice, Raisins, Salt Prunes, &c. all which will be sold at the lowest cash prices for Ready Pay only.
LEWIS BEECHER.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 4, 1843
Wanted, Beeswax, Ginseng, and Seneca Snake Root.
L. B.

Sheeting and Shirts
JUST received at Hanna, Hamilton & Co's new store, a few boxes coarse and fine sheeting and shirts, which will be sold cheap.

CALICOES—5,000 yds English and Domestic Calicoes for sale cheaper than ever by
HANNA, HAMILTON, & Co

SOLE LEATHER. Tea Kettles, Knives and Forks, butts & screws, draw chains, door trimmings, shoe knives, tacks, brads, claw nails, and paper, slates, lines, rope, locks, hammer, and a variety of other articles not named, at Catlin & Marsh's new store.

APLACHAS, Tabinetti, Perinetti for ladies' dresses, the latest new styles of goods; Cassimere, Battinet, Shagreen, Grey, Kerosene, also Ticking, drilling, Flannel, and an extensive assortment of Buttons, pins, needles, comb, soap, binding, cord, muslin, cotton thread, cotton yarn, butts, bobbins, wedding, &c. at Catlin & Marsh's new store.

PRINTS, the latest styles and patterns, and an extensive assortment, at Catlin & Marsh's new Cheap Store.

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Supplies Fall Pa. of Mills.
MR. P. has just received his Fall and Winter supply of all kinds of goods, and having introduced new and improved machinery, all the best of the kind to the public.
WRITING, PRINTING, and WRAPPING PAPER
of a quality unsurpassed in the western country, at greatly reduced prices.
They have appointed Messrs. HANNA, HAMILTON & Co. of Fort Wayne, agents for the sale of their paper, and design to keep their supply with a sufficient stock of Paper of the best quality to meet all demands.
T. C. MILLER.
Oct. 14 y14

PRINTING PAPER, 23 x 33 inches [same size and quality as the Sentinel is printed on] for sale low for cash by
HANNA, HAMILTON & Co.

GOODS! GOODS!! at Low Prices!
F. COMPARET & SON have just received and are now opening a large and well selected stock of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c.
Their stock consists in part of the following articles:
DRY GOODS—
200 pcs Mousselin De Laine and Alpaca,
20 bales Brown Sheetings, shirtings, and drills
500 pcs fancy Prints, new patterns
150 pcs Satinets and Grey Cloth
150 pcs Broad Cloth, various colors.
Machin Blankets, white and colored Flannel
Cotton Flannel, Irish Linen, Ribbons, bobbins.
Brandy, Wine, Rum, and Gin; 15 tons Iron, Iron band, flat, square, and round Iron, Nail Rods every size; Glass and Nails; Letter and Foolscap Paper—all of which will be sold cheap.
WANTED.—Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Butter, Lard, Pork, Beeswax, Flaxseed, Ginseng, Rags, Deer Skins, Coon Skins, and every other article of Country Produce.
We do not deem it necessary to enumerate every article in our establishment, or to "puff" ourselves into notice; suffice it, that we have a stock of goods suitable to the wants of this community and at prices as reasonable as any other establishment in the place. Advances made on produce for shipment.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 30, 1843—y

THE NEW YORK
HARDWARE STORE.
(Sign of the Pad-Lock.)
PETER P. BAILEY represents to the inhabitants of Fort Wayne and the adjacent counties, that he has been a Wholesale Merchant in the city of New York for a number of years past, and that he has just arrived in Fort Wayne with a
Large and well-selected Stock of Hardware,
that he has taken the Store formerly occupied by Sinclear & Chittenden, on Columbia street, where he intends to sell WHOLESALE and RETAIL, for Ready Pay, at New York City Prices, or at least
From 25 to 50 per Cent. Cheaper
than has ever before been offered to them in this town.
Mr. B's stock consists of almost every variety of Hardware that is wanted in this part of the western country. The following is an enumeration of some of the articles he offers for sale:
CARPENTERS' TOOLS:
Single and double jack, smooth, and fore Planes
Match, rabbit, ash, reeding, head, and using do.
and all the variety used by builders;
Plane iron, chisels, augers, braces and bits,
Drawing knives, &c. &c.
BUILDING MATERIALS—Butts, wood screws, a great variety of locks, norfolk latches, Shutter screws, wind w fasteners, Lulls, door handles, nails, brads, &c.
BLACKSMITH MATERIALS—Anvils, Vices, sledge hammers, rasps, horse nails, bellows, &c.
FARMING UTENSILS—Shovels and spades, pitchforks, trace chains, halter do., hoes, axes, horse brushes, crowbars, hay knives, stables, scales, &c. Together with a
General Assortment,
comprising the following articles:—
Cleavers, mason's brick and plastering trowels
Clocks, brass kettles, tinning and halter rope
Brass nails, Britannia tea and coffee pots
Table and tea spoons, table and pocket cutlery
Bed screws, faucets, axle, frame, and slide pulleys
Mahogany knobs, sawing and pegging awls
Castors, needles, tacks, spawblers, spitoons,
Snuff and tobacco boxes, sugar cases
Whitewash, paint, scrubbing, counter, hearth, shoe, and hair brushes,
Wood Vices and clamps, coffee and spice mills
All of which will be sold CHEAPER than ever before offered in this place, for CASH or ready pay ONLY.
Farmers, Builders, Canal Contractors, Mechanics, and Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call at the NEW YORK HARDWARE STORE before buying elsewhere.
N. B. \$10,000 wanted in Cash—in small sums from 25 cents upwards, in exchange for Hardware at New York City Prices.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 30, 1843. y20

New GOODS---Hamilton & Williams
On the north side of Columbia street, opposite the City Mills,
HE now receiving and opening their Fall and Winter supply of
GOODS. They have now on hand a very general assortment of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, &c.
consisting in part of the following:
Flannel Cloth, wool dyed, Beaver Cloth
Broad Cloth and Cassimere, of all qualities
A very large assortment of Satinets, of all qualities, from 30. per yard and upwards
Woolen and cotton Flannels, Alpachas
English and French Merinos
A full assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES always on hand; also **HARDWARE and QUEENSWARE.**
H. & W. have just received, an extensive assortment of best Juniatti IRON, consisting in part of
15,000 lbs. com. bar Iron, 5,000 lbs. horse shoe bar, 3,000 lbs. square bar, suitable for barrow teeth, with a general assortment of nail rod, band, small round iron, &c.
100 boxes Pennsylvania GLASS, embracing all sizes just received

New Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Manufacture

The undersigned informs the citizens of Fort Wayne, and the surrounding country, that he has commenced the above business in the shop lately occupied by James Stanley as an Auction Store, four doors west of the New York and Indiana House, and solicits a share of public patronage, which he will endeavor to merit, by attention to business, and the quality and low price of his articles. He will keep on hand or make to order every article in the Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron line, in the most durable manner, and at prices to suit the times. Having had much experience in ROOFING with TIN, he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction to those who employ him in that branch of his business.

Rum, and Sheet Iron Stove Pipe and Drums at Reduced prices.

He invites the attention of the Ladies to the best collection of

Cooking and Parlor Stoves ever brought to this country. They are of the best eastern casting, and most approved patterns. His Parlor Stoves are of the most beautiful and elegant designs, and will be found equally useful and ornamental, while the low prices at which he offers them place them within the reach of all classes.

JOS. STANFORD,
Fort Wayne, Sept. 23, 1843.

LADIES' FRENCH KID & FILLET, and LISLE GLOVES just received by
L. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS

SPRITS TURPENTINE—Copied and Japan Varnish of the best quality, for sale at
BEECHER'S DRUG STORE,
Fort Wayne, Sept. 23, 1843.

Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!!

A Splendid Assortment of Cook, Parlor and Box STOVES, of the most approved patterns now in use, for sale at

WOOD'S New Hardware Establishment, on Calhoun street, one door south of Sanders' Grocery.

Pratt's improved Premium Cooking Stoves do
Combination do
Apollo Parlor, Minerva Parlor and Box Stoves,

of all sizes and prices, of the most beautiful Castings, and manufactured from the best Scotch Pig Iron. Those wishing any thing in the Stove Line will find it much to their advantage to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as we have got the

Cheapest and best lot of Stoves in the Western Country.

Connected with the above establishment is a

Tin, Copper, & Sheet Iron Ware Manufacture,

and we shall endeavor to keep on hand a general assortment of TIN, COPPER, and SHEET

WARE of the best quality, and at LOW PRICES.

Russia and English Stove Pipe will be kept on hand or made to order. Also, Sheet Iron, Iron Wire, Brass Kettles, Tin Plates, &c. &c. Country merchants supplied on the most liberal terms.

All orders thankfully received, and fulfilled with neatness and dispatch.

Again we say, give us a call if you want **GOOD BARGAINS,** and don't forget **WOOD'S HARDWARE STORE.**

Fort Wayne, Oct. 5.

HARDWARE.

THE subscriber has this week opened a large and extensive assortment of **GENERAL HARDWARE,** at the store formerly occupied by Dr. Joyce, consisting in part of

Nails, stores, anvils, vices, shovels, spades, Hammers, coffee mills, Britannia ware, lanterns, Measure and hay forks, hoes, X-cut & mill saws, Lamp, tea trays, powder, shot, flasks, pouches, Brick trowels, candlesticks, wool & brass faucets, Table and pocket cutlery, knives, latches, Tea Kettles, sauce pans, sad irons, rope, bed cords, &c. &c.

Door handles, butts, screws, files, axes, hatchets, &c. &c.

Carpenters', Joiners' & Cabinet Makers' Ware.

Including braces, bits, chisels, augers, gouges, hammers, squares, bevels, rules, Saws of all kinds, &c. &c.

SADDLERY. He would also call the attention of saddlers of this place

and vicinity, to his assortment of saddlery, consisting of

Japanese and plated buckles, of all kinds, Tack, saddlers' tools, narrow & broad coach lace, Carriage bits, rings, dress, trunk laces, stirrups, &c. &c.

The above goods are brought directly from the importers, and will be sold for CASH

much cheaper than before sold in this place. Country Merchants are invited to call and examine.

H. DURRIE,
Fort Wayne, Oct. 7, 1843.

ATTENTION! - Cheap! Cheaper!! Cheapest!!!

JUST received, and now opening at the **NEW STORE of LITTLE**

& McCULLOCH, on the corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets,

a large assortment of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

direct from Boston, which being bought for Cash will be sold for the

same, or exchanged for Country Produce, and

Greater Bargains given

than at any other store in the city,—consisting in part of

Black, blue, mixed, and figured Satinets, Collars, Axes

Kentucky Jeans, drillings, English merinos, A great variety of GROCERIES, amongst which

Plain and twilled flannels, cotton flannels, are—

Black and figured muslin de laines, St. Jago, Porto Cabello, Rio, and St. Domingo

Changeable Alpaca, merino, and shawls, Coffee, 10 pounds for a dollar

Calicoes of every description, hosiery, Tea, Sugar, molasses, rice, ginger, pepper,

Shoetings and shirtings of every price, by the Cane, shell, & chocolate,

hale, piece or single yard, Coven, Pimento, nutmegs, cassia, raisins,

Cotton Yarn, batting, wadding, &c. Canned and smoking tobacco,

BOOTS AND SHOES. Mackerel, pollock, and cod fish, smoked salmon,

A general assortment of CROCKERY and In short, almost every article that farmers or

QUEENSWARE. others wish to make of,

WANTED.—Any quantity of Wheat, Corn, &c., Oats, Potatoes,

Bee-wax, Ginseng, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Cheese, and all other articles

that will bear shipment.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 30, 1843.

New Goods, Cheap for Cash.

SAMUEL HANNA & SON and **THOMAS HAMILTON** have associated themselves together for mercantile purposes, under the

firm of

HANNA, HAMILTON & Co.

They are now opening a large assortment of Goods, comprising every

variety of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, China, Glass

and Queensware, &c.

In Hanna's New Brick Store, Corner of Barr and Columbia streets.—

They design doing business for Prompt Pay alone, and will sell as low

as goods can be had any where in the state. Their stock consists in

part of the following articles, viz.

Broad Cloths, various colors and qualities

Satinets, Cambrics, jeans, hard times

White and cold flannels, cotton flannels

Mayones, cireasians, rills, fine muslins

Calicoes of the latest style, from 6d. a yard

Brown and bleached shirtings and sheetings

Knives, ribbons, and an endless variety of fancy

articles

Silk and cotton handkerchiefs, shawls

Embracing at large and general an assortment of goods as was ever offered in this city, and which

we will

Sell unusually CHEAP.

We invite the attention of our old friends and citizens, and solicit their custom, as we hope by a close application to business, and by keeping every article usually called for in a store to make

the interest of the citizens of this and the surrounding counties to call and give us their custom.

We will

All kinds of Produce at its Highest Price.

Hanna, Hamilton, & Co. having extensive and convenient Warehouses adjoining the Canal, are

prepared to do a

Storage and Forwarding Business,

which they will give strict attention. They will do any business of the kind the country re-

quires, and give satisfaction to all who favor them with their custom.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 23, 1843.

CASH for HIDES at L. G. Bellamy's, cheap Boot, Shoe and Leather Store, No. 14

WOOD Wanted at this office immediately.

BOOTS, SHOES, & LEATHER

at Reduced Prices.

L. G. BELLAMY has just received the largest and best stock of Eastern Leather, ever brought to this market, which he will sell at such prices as must ensure him the custom of all wish-

ing to turn a penny to the best advantage. His

stock consists of

500 Sides Spanish, Oak, and Rubber Sole

Upper and Calf Skins, of superior quality.

Harness and Bridle Leather extra quality.

Together with a general assortment of Linings,

Bindings, and Findings; the whole of which are

offered at wholesale or retail, for CASH 25 per

cent below former prices.

He also keeps on hand and will

make to order a large assortment

of **BOOTS AND SHOES** embracing

every variety; his articles are

at least 75 per cent better and cheaper than

those of the Shop Work usually sold in stores.

Ladies' Gaiters, Blippers, and Women's Shoes

from 50 cents to 1.50. Coarse Hides from 1.50

to 3.50. All other articles equally low.

To those who wish to purchase, I call my that

I bought for cash and can afford to sell low, and

that no person shall purchase cheaper if he comes

in my old establishment.

L. G. BELLAMY.

Hides & Country Produce taken in exchange for

Leather or Boots and Shoes.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 15, 1843.

3m-11.

M. LEWIS & I. MARSH,

Copper, Tin, and Sheet Iron

Manufacturers.

COLUMBIA STREET, FORT WAYNE.

Having formed a partnership, and intend car-

riers of the above business in all its vari-

ous branches, under the firm of **Lewis & Marsh.**

They will keep on hand or make to order every

article in their line, which they will sell at whole

sale or retail as cheap as any other establishment

in the country.

Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Seassars, &c. taken

in exchange for goods.

They have on hand a lot of the celebrated

Premium Cooking Stoves,

from Pennsylvania, which will be sold cheaper

than ever before known in this part of the coun-

try. Persons wishing to see and examine, as they are

well to call and examine, as they are prepared

to give great bargains.

Sept. 25, 1843.

NEW YORK

AND

INDIANA HOUSE.

THE subscriber having taken the establish-

ment formerly known as the **WASHINGTON**

HALL, situated on the South side of Columbia

street, Fort Wayne, Indiana, and fitted it up

in a good and substantial manner, is prepared to

accommodate travellers with every thing that

will conduce to their comfort.

His bar is furnished with excellent liquors.

His tables are provided with an abundance of

food, and a careful hostler, and no pains

will be spared in giving general satisfaction.

PETER TIMMONS,

Oct. 4, 1842.

BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS!

Encourage Home Manufacture.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his old

customers, and the public generally, that he

has just returned from the eastern cities with the

largest and best stock ever brought to this market,

consisting of

Spanish-sele leather,

Upper leather, coarse and fine,

Kip skins of various qualities,

Calfskins of a superior kind,

Moroccoes, &c. &c.

together with India Rubber Over Shoes, and a

general assortment of Shoe Findings, all of which

is prepared to make up to order in the cheap-

est and most fashionable style, for the ready

cash.

The farmers of this and the neighboring coun-

ties can purchase at this establishment, at

terms that any other in Northern Indiana, gives

as a

A LINTZ

TOLEDO AND BOSTON

Storage, Forwarding & Commission

BUSINESS.

THE subscribers have taken the large ware-

house foot of L. Grange street, Lower To-

ledo, and will transact a general Storage, For-

warding and Commission business. Arrange-

ments have been made to receive and deliver

property in Boston via the Western Railroad

from Albany, without unnecessary delays. All

property delivered from the cars to the warehouse

in Boston, free of cartage, and subject to no ex-

penditure in transportation at Albany.

The Commission business will receive our

strict attention and the usual facilities rendered

on consignment for the eastern markets. Goods

procured in eastern markets, and forwarded

promptly.

Our business will be conducted on strict mercan-

tile principles, and all proceeds promptly remit-

ted to order.

POWELL, RICH & CO.

REFERENCES:

G. B. Rich, Esq.

Fowle, De Coin & Allen, Buffalo,

Allen Lee & Co., Utica,

Seavage & Bonnet, Albany,

G. B. Allen & Co., Boston,

Fowle De Coin & Co., New York,

W. H. Weed, Lafayette, Ia.

S. Witt, Esq., 1/2 Western R.R., Greenbush N.Y.

Toledo Sept. 2, 1843.

6w10

New and Cheap Saddler's Shop.

Saddlery at Eastern Prices.

W. M. BOWEN has opened a

Saddler's Shop in the room

over E. Stapleford's Auction Store,

on Columbia Street, where he in-

tends to make and sell every article in his

line much lower than ever before offered here. Far-

mers and others will find it to their advantage to

give him a call as they may depend on being sup-

plied with good articles at extraordinary low prices.

Well made Saddles from \$10; Bridles from \$1

all other articles equally low.

A liberal discount from these prices will be

made to country merchants and other wholesale

customers.

Carrriages Trimmed on short notice. Repairing

and other work done to order.

Most kinds of Country Produce taken for work.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 2, 1843.

59

House and Lots for Sale.

THE undersigned offer for sale a neat and

commodious DWELLING HOUSE and

two lots, with every necessary convenience for

private residence, pleasantly situated in the Rock

hill Addition to twenty of Fort Wayne. Will

be sold low for cash or approved payments.—

For terms enquire of the undersigned.

THOMAS JOHNSON,

H. WILLIAMS.

June 2, 1843.

6m49.

QUEENSWARE and CHINA, newest styles

Glass Ware, &c.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

JUNIATTA IRON & NAILS of every

size, **HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.**

Furniture and Chairs for sale, or

exchanged for Country Produce.

PRICES TO SUIT THE HARD TIMES!!!

P. P. TINKHAM in-

quires the farmers to

call at his old establish-

ment, west of R. W. Tay-

lor's store, on Columbia street, and

see the quality and prices of his

chairs and Furniture. A general

assortment will be constantly kept on hand.

Dec. 31, 1842.

Pine Shingles.

50 M. first quality of Pine Shingles for sale